



**REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA  
GOVERNMENT  
MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR  
Office of the Minister**

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**INFORMATION ON SECURITY STATION  
IN THE REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA  
in 2024**

**BANJA LUKA, April 2025**



## **SUMMARY**

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In 2024, the Republic of Srpska Ministry of the Interior submitted 5,567 reports to the competent prosecutor's offices against 6,194 individuals, on grounds of suspicion that they committed 6,699 criminal offences. The total number of criminal offences has decreased by 4.9% compared to 2023. The overall percentage of solved cases stood at 91.8%, whereas the percentage of solved cases committed by unknown perpetrators was 77.4%.

A total of 125 operations were conducted, including 27 international ones. As a result of these operations, 347 reports on committed criminal offences were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices against 603 individuals.

The number of criminal offences of general crime (5,374) has decreased by 7.2% compared to the previous year. The overall percentage of solved cases increased to 90.0%, as did the percentage of solved cases committed by unknown perpetrators, reaching 75.8%.

The number of criminal offences against life and limb (598) has decreased by 7.3% compared to 2023. The overall percentage of solved cases against life and body was 98.7%, whereas the percentage of solved cases committed by unknown perpetrators was 93.4%.

Nine murders were recorded (three cases of aggravated murder, four cases of murder, and two cases of murder-suicide), resulting in the death of nine persons. Unknown perpetrators committed four murders (two aggravated murders and two murders), all of which were subsequently solved.

In 2024, 35 criminal offences against sexual integrity were registered, representing an increase of 2.9% compared to 2023, while 51 cases of sexual abuse and exploitation of children were recorded, marking a decrease of 30.1% compared to 2023.

The number of criminal offences against property (2,265 offences) has decreased by 14.4%. The overall percentage of solved cases for property crimes is 79%, whereas the percentage of solved cases committed by unknown perpetrators stands at 72.1%. Among more serious property crimes, the number of aggravated thefts decreased by 14.5%, and the number of robberies decreased by 21.2%. However, the number of offences related to vehicle theft has decreased by 26.2%.

The number of detected criminal offences of cybercrime has decreased by 7.9% (186 offences).

A total of 1,070 cases of domestic violence were recorded, marking a decrease of 10.3%. Of the total cases, 946 criminal offences were committed (down by 8.5%), and 124

reports were submitted to the district prosecutor's offices in accordance with the Law on Protection against Domestic Violence, representing a decrease of 22%. There were also five murders within families (two aggravated murders, one murder, and two homicides followed by the perpetrator's suicide).

In 2024, there were 74 cases of peer violence, representing an increase of 21.3%. Police officers submitted 23 reports on committed criminal offences to the competent prosecutor's offices, 27 reports on undertaken measures and actions, initiated minor offence proceedings in 13 cases, and 11 cases were resolved within the school authorities.

There were 162 minors who committed a total of 124 criminal offences: 48 property crimes, 34 offences against life and limb, 3 offences against sexual integrity, 23 other general criminal offences, 6 criminal offences related to drugs, 1 economic crime, 5 traffic-related offences, and 2 other offences. The number of minor perpetrators has decreased by 23.2%.

The number of criminal offences related to narcotics (369) has decreased by 8.4%, as did the number of minor offences (2,116), which fell by 7.1%. Thus, the total number of detected criminal offences and minor offences related to drug abuse (2,485) has decreased by 7.3%. The largest quantities of seized drugs included marijuana (approximately 74 kg), amphetamine (approximately 10 kg), and cocaine (approximately 5 kg).

The number of criminal offences of economic crime has increased by 9.4% compared to 2023, with a total of 584 criminal offences recorded.

In the field of countering organized crime, 15 organized criminal groups were identified. A total of 140 individuals associated with these groups committed 56 organized criminal offences related to drug trafficking, migrant smuggling, money laundering, weapons smuggling, excise goods, corruption, and other activities.

The number of public order disturbances has decreased by 1.8%, with 4,281 incidents recorded. These incidents involved 5,336 minor offences related to public order and peace, marking a decrease of 1.5%. Three incidents involved disturbances by five or more individuals (compared to eight in the previous year), whereas 773 incidents involved groups of two to four individuals, representing an increase of 6.5%.

The total number of minor offences related to weapons and ammunitions was 175, which is a decrease of 21.5% compared to 2023.

A total of 56 attacks on police officers were recorded, marking an increase of 30.2%. These included 33 criminal offences of Obstructing an Official in Execution of His Official Duty

and 35 criminal offences of Attacking an Official Person in the Execution of Official Duties. One police officer sustained serious bodily injuries, while 65 officers suffered minor injuries.

In 2024, police officers of the Republic of Srpska Ministry of the Interior identified and registered a total of 1,709 migrants who illegally crossed the border into Bosnia and Herzegovina, marking an increase of 58.5%. A total of 33 criminal offences of People Smuggling were detected (an increase of 20 offences), for which 33 reports were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices against 41 individuals who smuggled 263 migrants. Additionally, one criminal offense of Organizing a Group or Association for the Purpose of Committing Human Smuggling and one criminal offense of Organized Crime related to Smuggling of Persons - Migrants were recorded. Migrants themselves committed two criminal offences: Attempted Murder and Attempted Robbery, with migrants also being the victims in these cases.

The number of traffic accidents has increased by 1.8%, totalling 10,806 incidents. There were 94 deaths in traffic accidents (15 less than in 2023), while a total of 3,761 persons were injured (an increase of 6.3%).

The number of criminal offences related to traffic (372) has increased by 19.2%, whereas the number of registered minor offences (373,079) has increased by 2.5%.

During 2024 in the Republic of Srpska, a total of 356 persons died (a decrease of 14.2%) from the following causes: three victims of aggravated murder, four victims of murder, two victims of murder followed by the perpetrator's suicide, four victims of causing general danger, 15 deaths caused by fires and explosions, 94 deaths in traffic, 93 accidental deaths, and 140 suicides.

## 1. CRIME SITUATION OVERVIEW

In 2024, a total of 6,699 criminal offences were recorded, which represents a 4.9% decrease compared to 2023. For the committed offences, 5,567 reports were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices (a decrease of 6.5%) against 6,194 persons (a decrease of 2.8%).

Table 1. Comparative overview of criminal offences in 2024/2023

No.	CRIME	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	<b>Number of criminal offences</b>	<b>6.699</b>	<b>7.042</b>	-4,9
1.1.	Number of criminal offences with known perpetrator	4.340	4.458	-2,6
1.2.	Number of criminal offences with unknown perpetrator	2.359	2.584	-8,7
2.	Number of reports submitted to the prosecutor	5.567	5.955	-6,5
3.	Number of persons reported	6.194	6.372	-2,8
	- minors	162	211	-23,2
	- recidivists	1.695	1.738	-2,5
4.	Number of solved cases with unknown perpetrator	1.902	1.976	-3,7
4.1.	- from offences committed during that year	1.803	1.893	-4,8
4.2.	- from previous years	99	83	19,3
5.	Number of criminal offences recorded as <i>in flagrante delicto</i>	155	165	-6,1
6.	<i>Number of arrested persons</i>	174	188	-7,4
	Percentage of solved cases (%)	<b>91,8</b>	<b>90,3</b>	<b>1,7</b>
	Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)	<b>77,4</b>	<b>74,1</b>	<b>4,5</b>

Of the total number of reported persons, 1,695 were recidivists (a decrease of 2.5%). The percentage of solved cases<sup>1</sup> in 2024 was 91.8%, whereas the percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator was 77.4%.

Table 2. Crime overview by police administrations in 2024

No.	Crime by police administrations	2024.										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	AOSS
1.	<b>Number of criminal offences</b>	<b>1.645</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>891</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>565</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>87</b>
1.1.	Number of criminal offences with known perpetrator	1059	229	634	79	453	508	450	410	213	218	87
1.2.	Number of criminal offences with unknown perpetrator	586	89	231	76	518	383	230	155	35	56	-
2.	Number of reports	1.280	287	744	126	771	768	596	515	218	231	31
3.	<b>Number of reported persons</b>	<b>1.429</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>189</b>
	- minors	47	5	14	3	27	25	18	6	4	13	-

<sup>1</sup>The overall percentage of solved cases represents the ratio between the number of solved criminal offences (including the solved criminal offences reported in the past) and the number of reported criminal offences in the reporting period, increased by the number of solved criminal offences from the previous period.

	- recidivists	352	98	379	34	200	171	159	114	86	61	41
4.	<b>Number of solved cases with unknown perpetrator</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>49</b>	-
4.1.	from offences committed during that year	439	76	164	72	473	254	151	106	22	46	-
4.2.	from previous years	29	5	13	1	11	9	15	13	-	3	-
5.	<b>In flagrante delicto</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>26</b>	-
6.	<b>Number of arrested persons</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>24</b>	-
7.	<b>Percentage of solved cases (%)</b>	<b>91,2</b>	<b>96,0</b>	<b>92,4</b>	<b>97,4</b>	<b>95,4</b>	<b>85,7</b>	<b>88,6</b>	<b>91,5</b>	<b>94,8</b>	<b>96,4</b>	<b>100</b>
8.	<b>Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)</b>	<b>76,1</b>	<b>86,2</b>	<b>72,5</b>	<b>94,8</b>	<b>91,5</b>	<b>67,1</b>	<b>67,8</b>	<b>70,8</b>	<b>62,9</b>	<b>83,1</b>	-

In the structure of committed criminal offences in 2024, the most prevalent were criminal offences of general crime (5,374), accounting for 80.2% of the total number of criminal offences.

Table 3. Comparative overview of crime structure 2024/2023

No.	Crime structure	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	General crime	5.374	5.793	-7,2
2.	Abuse of narcotics	369	403	-8,4
3.	Economic crime	584	534	9,4
4.	Criminal offences in the field of traffic security	372	312	19,2
	<b>Total number of criminal offences</b>	<b>6.699</b>	<b>7.042</b>	<b>-4,9</b>

### 1.1. Overview of general crime

The number of recorded criminal offences of general crime (5,374 offences) has decreased by 7.2% compared to the previous year.

Table 4. Comparative overview of general crime 2024/2023

No.	GENERAL CRIME	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	<b>Number of criminal offences of general crime</b>	<b>5.374</b>	<b>5.793</b>	<b>-7,2</b>
1.1.	Number of criminal offences with known perpetrator	3.207	3.393	-5,5
1.2.	Number of criminal offences with unknown perpetrator	2.167	2.400	-9,7
2.	Number of submitted reports	4.577	4.999	-8,4
3.	<b>Number of reported persons</b>	<b>4.857</b>	<b>5.142</b>	<b>-5,5</b>
	- minors	149	195	-23,6
	- recidivists	1.432	1.512	-5,3
4.	Number of solved cases with unknown perpetrator	1.716	1.802	-4,8
4.1.	committed during that year	1.618	1.719	-5,9
4.2.	from previous years	98	83	18,1
5.	Material damage in BAM	12.981.776	15.223.495	-14,7
	<b>Percentage of solved cases (%)</b>	<b>90,0</b>	<b>88,4</b>	<b>1,8</b>
	<b>Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)</b>	<b>75,8</b>	<b>72,6</b>	<b>4,4</b>

A total of 4,577 reports were submitted to the prosecutor's offices (a decrease of 8.4%) for 5,374 committed criminal offences of general crime, involving 4,857 persons (a decrease of 5.5%), including 149 minors and 1,432 recidivists. Compared to 2023, the number

of minors has decreased by 23.6%, and the number of recidivists has decreased by 5.3%.

Out of the total number of committed criminal offences of general crime (5,374), police officers arrested the perpetrators during or immediately after the commission of the offense in 102 cases.

In terms of the structure of general crime: 42.2% pertained to property-related offences, 11.1% to crimes against life and limb, 1.6% to offences against sexual integrity and the sexual abuse and exploitation of children, and 45.1% to other criminal offences of general crime.

Table 5. Comparative overview of the structure of general crime 2024/2023

No.	Structure of general crime	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Against life and limb	598	645	-7,3
2.	Against sexual integrity and the sexual abuse and exploitation of children	86	107	-19,6
3.	Against property	2.265	2.646	-14,4
4.	Other general crime	2.425	2.395	1,3
	<b>Total number of criminal offences of general crime</b>	<b>5.374</b>	<b>5.793</b>	<b>-7,2</b>

Table 6. Overview of general crime by police administrations in 2024

No.	General crime by police administrations	2024										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	AOSS
1	<b>Number of criminal offences of general crime</b>	<b>1.315</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>31</b>
	<b>Rate of general crime</b>	<b>45,1</b>	<b>40,4</b>	<b>51,9</b>	<b>40,9</b>	<b>41,6</b>	<b>45,4</b>	<b>47,2</b>	<b>64,1</b>	<b>42,6</b>	<b>33,2</b>	
1.1.	Number of criminal offences with known perpetrator	754	186	491	70	352	348	329	321	156	169	31
1.2.	Number of criminal offences with unknown perpetrator	561	81	219	67	408	369	227	151	35	49	-
2.	Number of submitted reports	1.061	240	628	108	625	634	494	432	164	179	12
3.	Number of reported persons	1.138	264	641	126	720	615	485	447	174	207	40
	- minors	42	5	11	3	24	24	17	6	4	13	-
	- recidivists	298	89	316	34	167	154	139	110	60	55	10
4.	Number of solved cases with unknown perpetrator	445	73	165	64	375	250	162	116	22	44	-
4.1.	committed during that year	416	68	152	63	364	241	148	103	22	41	-
4.2.	from previous years	29	5	13	1	11	9	14	13	-	3	-
5.	<b>Percentage of solved cases (%)</b>	<b>89,2</b>	<b>95,2</b>	<b>90,7</b>	<b>97,1</b>	<b>94,3</b>	<b>82,4</b>	<b>86,1</b>	<b>90,1</b>	<b>93,2</b>	<b>96,4</b>	<b>100</b>
6.	<b>Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)</b>	<b>75,4</b>	<b>84,9</b>	<b>71,1</b>	<b>94,1</b>	<b>89,5</b>	<b>66,1</b>	<b>67,2</b>	<b>70,7</b>	<b>62,9</b>	<b>84,6</b>	-

### 1.1.1. Criminal offences against life and limb

During 2024, there were 598 criminal offences against life and limb, which represents a decrease by 7.3% compared to 2023.

Table 7. Comparative overview of criminal offences against life and limb in 2024/2023

No.	Criminal offences against life and limb	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Aggravated Murder	3	7	-57,1
2.	Attempted Aggravated Murder	2	2	-
3.	Murder	4	5	-20,0
4.	Attempted Murder	8	16	-50,0
5.	Murder-Suicide	2	2	-
6.	Light Bodily Harm	460	472	-2,5
7.	Serious Bodily Injury	114	128	-10,9
8.	Participation in a Fight	4	11	-63,6
9.	Failure to Render Help	1	1	-
10.	Abandonment of a Helpless Person	0	1	-
	<b>Total criminal offences against life and limb</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>-7,3</b>
	Percentage of solved cases (%)	98,7	99,1	-0,4
	Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)	93,4	95,7	-2,4

The percentage of solved criminal offences against life and limb is 98.7%, whereas the percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator is 93.4%.

**Murders.** In 2024, a total of nine murders were recorded (three classified as Aggravated Murder, four as Murder, and two murder-suicide cases), resulting in the deaths of nine victims and two perpetrators. Unknown perpetrators were responsible for four murders (two Aggravated Murders and two Murders). All murder cases have been solved.

**Attempted murders.** Two attempted Aggravated Murders were recorded (one committed by an unknown perpetrator), as well as eight attempted Murders (one committed by an unknown perpetrator). A total of 10 reports were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices against nine identified individuals. All attempted murders have been solved. During the commission of these offences, five persons sustained serious bodily injuries and four sustained minor bodily injuries.

Table 8. Overview of criminal offences against life and limb by police administrations in 2024

No.	Criminal offences against life and limb by PAs	2024										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	AOSS
1.	Aggravated Murder	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Attempted Aggravated Murder	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
3.	Murder	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
4.	Attempted Murder	2	-	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-
5.	Murder-Suicide	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
6.	Light Bodily Harm	107	15	74	6	72	68	63	25	12	18	-
7.	Serious Bodily Injury	26	4	11	8	7	22	11	6	7	11	1
8.	Participation in a Fight	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	Failure to Render Help	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>2</b>
	Percentage of solved cases (%)	97,9	100	98,9	100	98,8	96,7	100	100	100	100	100
	Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)	90,9	100	87,5	100	93,8	91,4	100	100	100	100	-

### 1.1.2. Criminal offences against sexual integrity and criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children

During 2024, there were 35 criminal offences against sexual integrity and 51 criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children.

Table 9. Comparative overview of criminal offences against sexual integrity and criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children in 2024/2023

No.	Criminal offences against sexual integrity and criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children	2024	2023	+ - %
<b>1.</b>	<b>Criminal offences against sexual integrity</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2,9</b>
1.1.	Rape	3	15	-80,0
1.2.	Sexual Harassment	24	12	100
1.3.	Sexual Blackmailing	2	3	-33,3
1.4.	Lechery	1	3	-66,7
1.5.	Sexual Intercourse with a Helpless Person	1	1	-
1.6.	Soliciting to Prostitution	1	-	-
1.7.	Misuse of Photos and Videos of Sexually Explicit Content	2	-	-
1.8.	International Procuring in Prostitution - BiH CC	1	-	-
<b>2.</b>	<b>Criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>-30,1</b>
2.1.	Sexual Intercourse with a Child under the Age of 15	25	9	xxx <sup>2</sup>
2.2.	Sexual Abuse of a Child over the Age of 15	3	11	-72,7
2.3.	Exploitation of Children for Pornography	21	25	-16,0
2.4.	Introducing Pornography to Children	1	14	-92,9
2.5.	Satisfying Sexual Lust in the Presence of a Child	1	1	-
2.6.	Soliciting a Child to Prostitution	-	1	-
2.7.	Use of a Computer Network or Communications by Other Technical Means for the Commission of Criminal Offences of Sexual Abuse or Exploitation of Children	-	12	-

The number of criminal offences against sexual integrity has increased by 2.9% compared to 2023, whereas the number of criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children has decreased by 30.1%.

### 1.1.3. Property crime

The number of criminal offences against property has decreased by 14.4%. A total of 1,969 reports were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices, representing a 16.0% decrease compared to the previous period. These reports were filed against 1,778 individuals, which is 12.4% less than in the previous period, on the grounds of reasonable suspicion that they committed 2,265 criminal offences.

An increase was recorded in both the overall percentage of solved cases and the percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator.

<sup>2</sup>Increase of 16 criminal offences.

Table 10. Comparative overview of criminal offences against property in 2024/2023

No.	Criminal offences against property	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Theft	683	691	-1,2
2.	Forest theft	156	208	-25,0
3.	Theft of Electricity	140	206	-32,0
4.	Aggravated Theft	583	682	-14,5
5.	Robbery	26	33	-21,2
6.	Aggravated Robbery	1	1	-
7.	Embezzlement	98	116	-15,5
8.	Fraud	144	184	-21,7
9.	Extortion	24	25	-4,0
10.	Blackmail	11	10	10,0
11.	Usury	7	5	40,0
12.	Concealment	10	11	-9,1
13.	Damaging and Abstraction of Another Person's Property	347	426	-18,5
13.1.	Damaging Another Person's Property	335	411	-18,5
13.2.	Abstraction of Another Person's Property	3	2	-50,0
13.3.	Abstraction of a Motor Vehicle	9	13	-30,8
14.	Arson	16	15	6,7
15.	Other criminal offences against property	19	33	-42,4
	<b>Total criminal offences against property</b>	<b>2.265</b>	<b>2.646</b>	<b>-14,4</b>
	Percentage of solved cases (%)	79,0	77,0	2,6
	Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)	72,1	67,8	6,3

Table 11. Overview of criminal offences against property by police administrations in 2024

No.	Criminal offences against property by PAs	2024.										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	AOSS
1.	Theft	188	24	93	15	94	116	50	73	12	18	-
2.	Forest theft	31	10	29	2	28	5	15	32	4	-	-
3.	Theft of Electricity	21	5	58	-	27	11	9	8	-	-	1
4.	Aggravated Theft	153	13	40	6	100	122	90	47	7	5	-
5.	Robbery	12	-	2	-	2	7	2	1	-	-	-
6.	Aggravated Robbery	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Embezzlement	24	7	16	1	15	14	7	5	4	5	-
8.	Fraud	43	7	17	2	14	28	11	7	10	5	-
9.	Extortion	11	-	3	-	2	3	1	1	1	2	-
10.	Blackmail	4	1	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	1	-
11.	Usury	1	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	-	1	-
12.	Concealment	-	1	-	-	6	1	-	-	1	1	-
13.	Damaging and Abstraction of Another Person's Property	90	19	48	5	42	51	45	21	13	13	-
13.1.	Damaging Another Person's Property	87	14	48	5	40	51	43	21	13	13	-
13.2.	Abstraction of Another Person's Property	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.3.	Abstraction of a Motor Vehicle	3	4	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
14.	Arson	2	1	2	1	6	1	1	2	-	-	-

15.	Other criminal offences against property	7	-	4	1	2	1	1	1	-	2	-
	<b>Total criminal offences against property</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percentage of solved cases (%)	78,7	86,0	80,6	88,2	89,8	68,6	71,3	80,6	78,8	87,3	100
	Percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator (%)	72,7	81,4	69,1	84,6	87,4	61,9	64,1	71,7	54,2	80,0	-

According to statements of the victims, the total material damage caused by property-related criminal offences in 2024 amounts to BAM 12,345,239, which is 15.3% less compared to the previous year<sup>3</sup>.

**Aggravated thefts.** A total of 583 criminal offences of aggravated theft were recorded, which is 14.5% less compared to the previous year. Of these, 46 cases involved attempted criminal offences. The overall percentage of solved cases for aggravated theft was 61.1%, whereas the percentage of solved cases with unknown perpetrator was 60.4%. In 2024, an additional 50 aggravated theft offences committed in previous periods were also solved. A total of 526 reports were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices against 389 individuals. The most common targets of aggravated theft included: houses, commercial and hospitality establishments, apartments, garages, basements and sheds, vehicles, companies, holiday homes, betting shops, pharmacies, religious buildings, gas stations, building stairwells, public institutions, post offices, jewellery stores, hospitals, and others. According to the statements from the victims, the total financial damage resulting from aggravated theft in 2024 amounted to 5,587,453 BAM, which is 3.9% less compared to 2023. Out of the 583 aggravated theft offences, four were classified as brazen thefts.

**Robberies.** A total of 26 criminal offences of robbery were recorded, representing a decrease of 21.2%. Of these, five were attempted robberies. Out of the total number, 25 robberies were committed by unknown perpetrators. 23 robberies from the current year and 3 from previous years were solved. The overall percentage of solved cases was 93.1%, whereas the percentage of solved cases committed by unknown perpetrators was 92.9%. A total of 25 reports were submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices against 34 individuals. Targets of the robberies included: houses, gas stations, retail stores, betting shops, vehicles, and other locations. These offences were committed against 27 victims, resulting in two individuals sustaining serious bodily injuries and six sustaining minor injuries. According to the statements of the victims, the financial damage amounted to BAM 50,775, which is 45.0% less compared to the previous year.

**Abstraction of a motor vehicle.** A total of 48 criminal offences related to motor vehicle theft were reported: 20 offences of aggravated vehicle theft, 19 offences of vehicle theft, and nine offences of unlawful taking of a motor vehicle.

<sup>3</sup> According to the statements of the damaged persons, the financial damage in the comparative period was BAM 14,567,065.

Out of the total number of vehicle-related offences, 46 were committed by unknown perpetrators. Eleven of these criminal offences remain unsolved<sup>4</sup>. There is a decrease in the number of these criminal offences by 26.2%.

In 2024, a total of 48 stolen vehicles were recovered and returned to their owners. Of these, 32 were stolen on the territory of the Republic of Srpska, five were stolen on the territory of the FBiH, and 11 vehicles were listed as stolen by INTERPOL.

#### 1.1.4. Cybercrime

In 2024, there were a total of 186 criminal offences related to cybercrime, representing a decrease of 7.9% compared to the previous period. Prosecutors received 151 reports concerning 182 individuals involved in these offences.

The most frequently detected criminal offences in the field of cybercrime included: Computer Fraud; Exploitation of Children for Pornography; Fraud; Money Laundering; Endangering Safety; Stalking and Defamation.

The Ministry participated in the conduct of 14 criminal investigations related to cybercrime, of which 11 were international. These investigations focused on the detection of offences such as child pornography, computer fraud, unauthorized access to protected computers, fraud, extortion, blackmail, and money laundering.

Table 12. Comparative overview of criminal offences of cybercrime in 2024/2023

No.	Criminal offences of cybercrime	2024	2023	+ - %
<b>1.</b>	<b>Number of criminal offences of cybercrime</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>-7,9</b>
1.1.	Criminal offences against computer data security (Chapter XXXII RS CC)	<b>15</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-11,8</b>
1.1.1.	Damaging Computer Data and Programmes (Article 407)	1	-	-
1.1.2.	Computer Sabotage (Article 408)	-	-	-
1.1.3.	Developing and Introducing Computer Viruses (Article 409)	-	3	-
1.1.4.	Computer Fraud (Article 410)	7	8	-12,5
1.1.5.	Unauthorised Access to Protected Computers, Computer Networks, Telecommunication Networks and Electronic Data Processing (Article 411)	7	6	16,7
1.1.6.	Preventing and Limiting Access to a Public Computer Network (Article 412)	-	-	-
1.1.7.	Unauthorised Use of Computers of Computer Networks (Article 413)	-	-	-
1.2.	Criminal offences against sexual integrity and criminal offences of sexual abuse and exploitation of children (Chapter XV RS CC)	<b>26</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>-50,0</b>
1.2.1.	Exploitation of Children for Pornography (Article 175)	21	23	-8,7
1.2.2.	Sexual Intercourse with a Child under the Age of 15 (Article 176)	-	-	-
1.2.3.	Introducing Children to Pornography (Article 177)	1	14	-92,9
1.2.4.	Use of a Computer Network or Communications by Other Technical Means for the Commission of Criminal Offences of Sexual Abuse or Exploitation of Children (Article 178)	-	12	-
1.2.5.	Misuse of Photos and Videos of Sexually Explicit Content (Article 170a)	2	-	-
1.2.6.	Sexual Harassment (Article 170)	-	1	-

<sup>4</sup> Several criminal offences related to vehicle theft remain unsolved: five cases of aggravated vehicle theft and six cases of vehicle theft.

1.2.7.	Sexual Blackmailing (Article 166)	2	2	-
1.3.	Other criminal offences of cybercrime	145	133	9,0
1.3.1.	Endangering Safety (Article 150)	17	21	-19,0
1.3.2.	Unauthorised Tapping and Sound Recording (Article 155)	-	-	-
1.3.3.	Stalking (Article 144)	8	6	33,3
1.3.4.	Unauthorised Photographing (Article 156)	2	6	-66,7
1.3.5.	Unauthorised Use of Personal Data (Article 157)	7	1	xxx <sup>5</sup>
1.3.6.	Public Incitement to Terrorism (Article 302)	-	-	-
1.3.7.	Publicly Inciting and Inflaming Violence and Hatred (Article 359)	-	1	-
1.3.8.	Fraud (Article 230)	31	23	34,8
1.3.9.	Extortion (Article 232)	9	6	50,0
1.3.10.	Blackmail (Article 233)	4	3	33,3
1.3.11.	Forging Documents (Article 347)	-	-	-
1.3.12.	Theft of Electricity (Article 225)	-	-	-
1.3.13.	Money Laundering (Article 263)	38	48	-20,8
1.3.14.	Illegal Manufacturing and Trade of Weapons or Explosive Substances (Article 361)	-	4	-
1.3.15.	False Reporting of a Criminal Offence (Article 334)	1	1	-
1.3.16.	Embezzlement (Article 316)	-	-	-
1.3.17.	Violation of a Child's Privacy (Article 189)	-	2	-
1.3.18.	Breach of Confidentiality of the Proceedings (Article 337)	-	3	-
1.3.19.	Domestic Violence (Violence in a Family or Household) (Article 190)	2	4	-50,0
1.3.20.	Unauthorised Use of Another's Trade-Name and Other Special Commodity or Service Brand Names (Article 260)	-	1	-
1.3.21.	Counterfeiting Money (Article 205 BiH CC)	-	-	-
1.3.22.	Theft (Article 224)	-	-	-
1.3.23.	Unauthorised Production and Sale of Narcotic Drugs (Article 207)	1	1	-
1.3.24.	False Impersonation (Article 313)	-	2	-
1.3.25.	Defamation (Article 208a)	14	1	xxx <sup>6</sup>
1.3.26.	Disclosure of Personal and Family Circumstances (Article 208b)	1	-	-
1.3.27.	Public Exposure to Ridicule on Account of Affiliation with a Particular Race, Religion or Nationality (Article 208v)	1	-	-
1.3.28.	Unauthorized Publication and Display of Another Person's Document, Portrait and Recording (Article 156a)	5	-	-
1.3.29.	Fraud in Business Operations (Article 272a)	2	-	-
1.3.30.	Disclosure and Unauthorized Procurement of a Commercial Secret (Article 259)	1	-	-
1.3.31.	Defrauding Customers (Article 272)	1	-	-
2.	Number of reports to the prosecutor	151	137	10,2
3.	Number of persons	182	133	36,8
3.1.	- minors	8	3	xxx <sup>7</sup>
3.2.	- recidivists	40	23	73,9

### 1.1.5. Other criminal offences of general crime

The number of criminal offences of general crime has increased by 1.3% compared to the previous year.

Table 13. Comparative overview of other criminal offences of general crime 2024/2023

No.	Other criminal offences of general crime	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Causing Public Danger	72	76	-5,3

<sup>5</sup> Increase of 6 criminal offences compared to 2023.

<sup>6</sup> Increase of 13 criminal offences compared to 2023.

<sup>7</sup> The number of minors has increased by 5 compared to 2023.

2.	Illegal Manufacturing and Trade of Weapons or Explosive Substances	252	294	- 14,3
3.	Domestic Violence	946	1.034	-8,5
4.	Violent Behaviour	36	38	-5,3
5.	Forging Documents	123	148	-
6.	Misleading for the Purpose of Certification of False Matters	72	50	44,0
7.	Obstructing an Official in Execution of His Official Duty	39	31	25,8
8.	Attacking an Official Person in the Execution of Official Duties	37	30	23,3
9.	Endangering Safety	322	361	-
10.	Autocracy	21	7	xxx <sup>8</sup>
11.	False Reporting of a Criminal Offence	28	23	21,7
12.	Stalking	43	42	2,4
13.	Illegal Hunting	26	5	xxx <sup>9</sup>
14.	Evading the Alimony	57	24	xxx <sup>10</sup>
15.	Publicly Inciting and Inflaming Violence and Hatred	5	6	-
16.	People smuggling	35	13	xxx <sup>11</sup>
17.	Criminal offences against honour and reputation	37	4	xxx <sup>12</sup>
18.	War crimes	5	6	-
19.	Terrorism	4	-	-
20.	Human Trafficking	1	-	-
21.	Trafficking in Children	2	-	-
22.	Criminal offences against electoral rights	15	5	xxx <sup>13</sup>
23.	Other criminal offences of general crime	247	198	24,7
	<b>TOTAL other criminal offences of general crime</b>	<b>2.425</b>	<b>2.395</b>	<b>1,3</b>

Table 14. Overview of other criminal offences of general crime by police administrations in 2024

No.	Other criminal offences of general crime by PAs	2024										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	AOSS
1.	Causing Public Danger	10	6	9	3	11	10	10	7	1	5	-
2.	Illegal Manufacturing and Trade of Weapons or Explosive Substances	43	17	30	9	29	25	17	42	11	24	5
3.	Domestic Violence	238	75	157	20	103	102	92	96	35	28	-
4.	Violent Behaviour	13	2	1	1	12	2	-	2	-	3	-
5.	Forging Documents	48	2	3	8	16	5	4	16	7	7	7
6.	Misleading for the Purpose of Certification of False Matters	20	5	3	2	4	15	9	-	4	9	1
7.	Obstructing an Official in Execution of His Official Duty	7	4	5	2	8	4	2	1	3	3	-
8.	Attacking an Official Person in the Execution of Official Duties	11	-	9	-	2	-	5	3	3	4	-
9.	Endangering Safety	70	11	45	6	36	36	57	30	10	21	-
10.	Autocracy	3	-	-	2	6	6	-	-	4	-	-
11.	False Reporting of a Criminal Offence	4	1	3	1	3	2	7	4	3	-	-
12.	Stalking	17	1	5	2	6	4	-	2	4	2	-
13.	Illegal Hunting	2	-	-	15	2	2	2	1	1	1	-
14.	Evading the Alimony	10	9	2	1	16	10	1	4	2	2	-

<sup>8</sup> Increase of 14 criminal offences.

<sup>9</sup> Increase of 21 criminal offences.

<sup>10</sup> Increase of 33 criminal offences.

<sup>11</sup> Increase of 22 criminal offences.

<sup>12</sup> Increase of 33 criminal offences.

<sup>13</sup> Increase of 10 criminal offences.

15.	Publicly Inciting and Inflaming Violence and Hatred	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
16.	People smuggling	1	7	-	-	8	1	2	2	11	1	2
17.	Criminal offences against honour and reputation	4	3	1	2	2	2	4	16	2	1	-
18.	War crimes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
19.	Terrorism	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-
20.	Human Trafficking	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
21.	Trafficking in Children	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
22.	Criminal offences against electoral rights	5	-	-	-	6	1	-	1	1	1	-
23.	Other criminal offences of general crime	57	10	20	10	49	22	27	12	14	16	10
<b>Total criminal offences</b>		<b>564</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>27</b>

### 1.1.6. Criminal offences committed against family members

#### 1.1.6.1. Cases of domestic violence

In 2024, the total number of 1,070 cases of domestic violence was reported to the Ministry (which is 10.3% less than in 2023), and 946 of them were criminal offences (8.5% less), and reports were submitted to a competent district prosecutor's office for 124 cases according to the Law on Protection from Domestic Violence (22.0% less). Domestic violence was committed by 1,103 persons against 1,378 victims.

Table 15. Overview of cases of domestic violence 2024/2023

No.	Domestic violence	2024	2023	+ - %
<b>1.</b>	<b>Number of cases of domestic violence</b>	<b>1,070</b>	<b>1,193</b>	<b>-10.3</b>
1.1.	Number of criminal offences	946	1,034	-8.5
1.2.	Total number of reports submitted to district prosecutor's offices according to the Law on Protection from Domestic Violence	124	159	-22.0
<b>2.</b>	<b>Number of perpetrators of violence</b>	<b>1,103</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>-11.8</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>Number of victims of violence</b>	<b>1,378</b>	<b>1,520</b>	<b>-9.3</b>

The total number of 938 reports was submitted to the district prosecutor's offices against perpetrators for committing the criminal offence *Domestic violence* and 124 reports on the committed domestic violence. Additionally, 209 emergency protection measures were proposed, and 205 of them were implemented<sup>14</sup>, whereas 68 protection measures were

<sup>14</sup> The following emergency protection measures were proposed: removal of the perpetrator from the apartment, house or other residential area (29), prohibition of approaching and contacting the victim of domestic violence (126) and removal of the perpetrator from the apartment, house or other living area and prohibition of approaching and contacting the victim (54). Out of the total number of the proposed measures, the following were implemented: removal of the perpetrator from the apartment, house or other residential area (28), prohibition of approaching and contacting the victim of domestic violence (124), and removal of the perpetrator from the apartment, house or other living area and prohibition of approaching and contacting the victim (53).

proposed, and 52 of them were implemented<sup>15</sup>.

The perpetrators of domestic violence were male in 92.9% of the cases. When it comes to the age of the perpetrators, males between 41 and 50 years of age are the most numerous (29.3%). Four minors who committed domestic violence were also recorded.

Children were recorded as the victims of domestic violence as well: up to four years old (42), up to 14 years old (125) and from 15 to 18 years old (59).

The most common relationships between the perpetrator and the victim of domestic violence are as follows: husband - wife (31.3% out of the total number of victims), male partner – female partner (10.6%), father – son (9.1%), father – daughter (8.5%), son – father (7.9%), son – mother (5.6%), and ex-partner (6.4%), etc. As a result of domestic violence, the total number of 14 persons have suffered serious bodily injuries, 496 persons suffered minor bodily injuries, whereas the rest of the victims suffered fear and distress.

#### ***1.1.6.2. Criminal offences committed within a family***

Together with the aforementioned criminal offences *Domestic violence in a family or household*, in 2024, the most serious criminal offences were also committed within a family or household.

In 2024, in the Republic of Srpska, the total number of 10 murders was recorded (3 criminal offences *Aggravated Murder*, 4 criminal offences *Murder*, and two murders in which the perpetrator also committed suicide). Out of the total number of murders against family members or members of family community (close persons) in 2024, *five murders were committed* (two criminal offences *Aggravated Murder*, one criminal offence *Murder*, and two murders after which the perpetrator committed suicide), which represents more than a half of the total number of perpetrated murders in the Republic of Srpska.

Five persons died as murder victims within a family, including two perpetrators. The murders were committed as follows:

- Two criminal offences *Aggravated murder*: one was perpetrated in Doboj, where the wife murdered her husband with the support of her lover; the other was committed on the territory of Brod, where the husband murdered his wife;
- One criminal offence *Murder* in Banja Luka, where female murdered her intimate partner;
- Two murders after which the perpetrators committed suicide: one in Foča, where a husband murdered his wife, and the other in Šipovo, when a common-law husband

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<sup>15</sup> The following protection measures *were proposed*: removal of the perpetrator from the apartment, house or other residential area (14), prohibition of approaching the victim (23), prohibition of harassment or stalking the victim (12), obligatory psychological-social treatment (3), obligatory addiction treatment (16). Out of the total number of the proposed protection measures, the following *were implemented*: removal of the perpetrator from the apartment, house or other residential area (11), prohibition of approaching the victim (15), prohibition of harassment or stalking the victim (11), obligatory psychological-social treatment (2), and obligatory addiction treatment (13).

murdered his common-law wife, and

- One criminal offence *Causing public danger*, in which a father murdered his minor son with a freight vehicle.

Attempted murders within a family or household were not recorded.

Five cases were recorded<sup>16</sup> in which fathers committed eight incests against seven daughters and one son, thus committing: five criminal offences *Sexual Intercourse with a Child under the Age of 15*, two criminal offences *Sexual Abuse of a Child over the Age of Fifteen*, and one criminal offence *Incest*.

Out of the total number of the recorded criminal offences *Stalking* (43 criminal offences), 11 of them, or 25.6% was committed within a family or household. The perpetrators were mostly the current or former spouses, common-law or intimate partners.

The total number of 57 criminal offences *Evading the Alimony* was committed against children (78 victims are children and nine are adults), 11 criminal offences *Neglecting and Abusing a Child* were committed by parents (19 victims were children) and five criminal offences *Abducting a Child* were recorded.

#### **1.1.7. Juvenile delinquency and violence among minors**

##### **1.1.7.1. Peer violence**

In 2024, the total number of 74 cases of peer violence was recorded (increase of 21.4%) for which the police officers submitted 23 reports on the committed criminal offences to the competent prosecutor's offices, including 27 reports on the undertaken measures and activities, whereas in 13 cases the minor offence proceedings were initiated, and in 11 cases the proceedings were finalised at the level of a school.

Peer violence was committed by 96 minors (increase of 4.3%), and 93.9% of the perpetrators were male. Regarding the perpetrators who are minors, 45 of them are students of primary schools, and 51 are students of secondary schools.

The violence was committed against 80 peers (increase of 6.7%), and 87.5% of them are male. Among victims who are minors, 50 are students of primary schools, and 30 are students of secondary schools. As a result of peer violence, three minors suffered serious bodily injuries, and 53 suffered minor bodily injuries. Additionally, four minors suffered psychological pain, two minors suffered harassment online, and 20 minors suffered other types of consequences.

In 2024, there were 29 criminal offences whose consequence was physical violence, (14.7% less than the previous year) by the total number of 28 minors against 27 of their peers. The following criminal offences were committed: two criminal offences *Serious Bodily Injury*, 17 criminal offences *Light Bodily Harm*, one criminal offence *Violent Behaviour*, one criminal offence *Blackmail*, one criminal offence *Extortion*, and seven other criminal offences.

##### **1.1.7.2. Juvenile delinquency**

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<sup>16</sup> Incests were recorded in BL PA – 2; PD PA and BN PA.

The total number of 162 minor delinquents<sup>17</sup> was recorded, and they committed the total number of 124 criminal offences: 48 criminal offences against property, 34 criminal offences against life and limb, three criminal offences against sexual integrity and two criminal offences of sexual abuse and child exploitation, 23 criminal offences of general crime, six criminal offences in the field of the abuse of narcotic drugs, one criminal offence of economic crime, five criminal offences related to traffic and two other criminal offences. The number of minor delinquents is 23.2% lower than the previous year.

According to gender structure, 93.2% of minor delinquents were male and 6.8% are female. According to age structure: 10 perpetrators were younger than 14, 62 perpetrators were between 14 and 16 years old, and 90 perpetrators were between 16 and 18 years old.

Eight minors were also recorded as recidivists in the commission of criminal offences.

### 1.2. Criminal and minor offences related to the abuse of narcotic drugs

In 2024, the total number of 2,485 cases was recorded (369 criminal offences and 2,116 minor offences) related to the abuse of narcotic drugs, which is an increase of 7.3% compared to 2023.

Table 16. Comparative overview of the abuse of narcotic drugs 2024/2023

No.	Abuse of narcotic drugs	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	<b>Number of criminal offences</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>403</b>	-8.4
1.1	<i>Unauthorised production and trafficking of narcotic drugs (Article 207 of the RS CC)</i>	249	277	-10.1
1.2	<i>Enabling another to use narcotics (Article 208 of the RS CC)</i>	104	105	-1
1.3	<i>Illegal Trafficking in Narcotics (Article 195 of the BIH CC)</i>	9	12	-25
1.4	<i>Organised Crime (Article 250 of the BIH CC)</i>	7	9	-22.2
2.	Number of criminal offence reports	295	323	-8.7
3.	Number of persons reported for committing a criminal offence	469	474	-1.1
	- minors	6	11	-45.5
	- recidivists	157	144	9
4.	<b>Total number of minor offences related to narcotic drugs</b>	<b>2,116</b>	<b>2,278</b>	-7.1
5.	Persons reported for committing minor offences	2,093	2,256	-7.2
6.	<b>Number of recorded cases of the abuse of narcotic drugs (criminal and minor offences)</b>	<b>2,485</b>	<b>2,681</b>	-7.3
7.	Number of reported persons (criminal and minor offences)	2,562	2,730	-6.2
8.	Number of arrested persons	1,593	759	xxx <sup>18</sup>

<sup>17</sup> The provisions of the Law on Protecting and Treatment of Children and Minors in a Criminal Procedure were applied to this category of perpetrators of criminal offences.

<sup>18</sup> The number of arrested persons related to the abuse of narcotic drugs was by 834 higher compared to the previous year.

Table 17. Overview of the recorded cases of the abuse of narcotic drugs per police administration in 2024

No.	Abuse of narcotic drugs per PU	2024										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	UOTK
1.	Number of criminal offences	73	18	53	8	83	44	38	17	6	10	19
1.1.	Art. 207 of the RS CC	51	11	37	4	53	34	24	14	5	10	6
1.2.	Art. 208 of the RS CC	22	7	16	4	29	8	14	3	1	-	-
1.3.	Art. 195 of BIH CC	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	7
1.4.	Art. 250 of BIH CC	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	6
2.	Number of criminal	57	14	45	8	62	33	33	17	5	10	11
3.	Number of persons reported for committing a criminal offence	83	16	71	8	70	49	34	20	5	8	105
	- minors	-	-	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
	- recidivists	22	7	42	-	27	10	13	2	2	2	30
4.	Number of minor offences	588	26	160	31	358	92	79	581	69	132	-
5.	Persons reported for committing minor offences	575	24	158	26	352	91	77	591	68	131	-
6.	Number of recorded cases of the abuse of narcotic drugs (criminal and minor offences)	661	44	213	39	441	136	117	598	75	142	19
7.	Total number of reported persons	658	40	229	34	422	140	111	611	73	139	105
8.	Number of arrested persons	576	24	192	29	300	92	73	191	20	65	31

The greatest amounts of seized narcotic drugs were those of the narcotic drug marijuana (about 74kg), and there were also 10kg of amphetamines, and about 5kg of cocaine.

Through 52 operations that were implemented, seven were international, several organised criminal groups were detected and broken, and 11 laboratories for the production of narcotic drugs were detected.

### 1.3. Overview of economic crime

In 2024, the total number of 584 criminal offences in the field of economic crime was detected, which is an increase of 9.4% compared to the previous year (534). Prosecutor's offices received 338 reports on the committed criminal offence (0.9% more) against 505 perpetrators (increase of 11.2%)

Table 18. Comparative overview of economic crime 2024/2023

No	Economic crime	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Abuse of Office or Official Authority	74	78	-5.1
2.	Embezzlement in Office	58	49	18.4
3.	Accepting Bribe	4	10	-60.0
4.	Offering Bribe	18	8	xxx <sup>19</sup>
5.	Negligent Performance of Official Duties	31	15	xxx <sup>20</sup>

<sup>19</sup> Increase of 10 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

<sup>20</sup> Increase of 16 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

6.	Illegal Practices in Business Operations	11	32	-65.6
7.	Abuse of Office by the Responsible Person	24	27	-11.1
8.	Breach of the Duty to Keep Commercial and Business Records and Compile Financial Reports and their Counterfeiting or Destruction	45	12	xxx <sup>21</sup>
9.	Money Laundering	44	68	-35.3
10.	Tax and Contribution Evasion	18	21	-14.3
11.	Illicit Commerce	19	10	90.0
12.	Deception in Getting Loans or other Benefits	41	31	32.3
13.	Criminal Offences Against the Labour Rights	4	9	-55.6
14.	Forging or Destroying and Official Document	15	26	-42,3
15.	Forging Money	34	11	xxx <sup>22</sup>
16.	Damaging the Creditors	7	13	-46.2
17.	Fraud in Business Operations	30	13	xxx <sup>23</sup>
18.	Removing or Damaging and Official Seal or Sign	39	18	xxx <sup>24</sup>
19.	Unauthorised Performance of Certain Occupation	20	9	xxx <sup>25</sup>
20.	Trading in Influence	1	2	-50.0
21.	Making a Prejudicial Contract	5	1	xxx <sup>26</sup>
22.	Illicit Trade in Excise Goods	6	12	-50.0
23.	Other criminal offences in the field of economic crime	36	59	-39.0
	<b>Total number of criminal offences in the field of economic crime</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>9.4</b>

Table 19. Comparative overview of the criminal offences in the field of economic crime per PA in 2024

No.	Criminal offences of economic crime per PA	2024										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	Ministry HQ
	<b>Number of criminal offences in the field of economic crime</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>37</b>
	Number of reports submitted to the prosecutor's offices	70	11	34	4	53	37	37	30	36	18	8
	Number of reported persons	116	19	47	4	64	54	41	33	39	44	44

**Criminal offences related to corruption.** The total number of 330 criminal offences with characteristics of corruption was detected in 2024, which is an increase of 11.9% compared to 2023 (295). The total number of 179 reports was submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices (increase of 7.8%) against 248 persons (2.0% less). The most numerous criminal offence with the characteristics of corruption committed in this period was the criminal offence *Abuse of Office or Official Authority* (74).

#### 1.4. Organised crime

In the fight against organised crime, the Ministry realised the total number of 11 operations: 'Neon 2', 'Spartacus', 'Orhideja', 'Rolex', 'Verona', 'Kings', 'Alfa', 'Soko', 'Oganj 3',

<sup>21</sup>Increase of 33 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

<sup>22</sup>Increase of 23 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

<sup>23</sup>Increase of 17 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

<sup>24</sup>Increase of 21 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

<sup>25</sup>Increase of 11 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

<sup>26</sup>Increase of 4 criminal offences compared to the previous year.

'Atak', and 'Tunel 2', and these resulted in submitting 15 reports and six report additions to the reports against the total number of 140 people, based in suspicion that they committed 56 criminal offences with the elements of organisation, and that they are members of 15 organised criminal groups, involved in the abuse of narcotic drugs, smuggling migrants, money laundering, smuggling weapons, excise goods, corruption, etc.

## 2. PUBLIC ORDER AND PEACE OVERVIEW

### 2.1. Minor offences of disturbing public order and peace

In 2024, there was the total number of 4,281 cases of disturbing public order and peace. This number is by 1.8% lower compared to 2023. The total number of 5,336 minor offences in the field of public order and peace was committed (1.5% less) by 5,239 persons (2.4% less). For the committed minor offences, the total number of 783 requests was submitted (increase of 18.1%) for initiating minor offence proceedings and 4,162 minor offence warrants were issued (5.2% less). Out of the total number of cases where public order and peace was disturbed, the public order and peace was disturbed by five or more persons in three situations (five cases less than in 2023), and in 773 cases, it was disturbed by two to four persons (increase of 6.5%).

Table 20. Overview of minor offences in the field of public order and peace 2024/2023

No.	Overview of minor offences in the field of public order and peace	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Number of minor offences in the field of public order and peace	5,336	5,415	-1.5
1.a.	Number of perpetrators of the minor offences	5,239	5,366	-2.4
2.	Requests for initiating minor offence proceedings	783	663	18.1
2.a.	Perpetrators in the requests	1,077	978	10.1
	- minors	110	108	1.9
	- recidivists	909	949	-4.2
3.	Number of minor offence warrants issued	4,162	4,388	-5.2
3.a.	Perpetrators per minor offence warrants	4,162	4,388	-5.2
4.	Number of disturbances of public order and peace by 2 to 4 persons	773	726	6.5
4.a.	Number of perpetrators	1,679	1,667	0.7
5.	Number of disturbances of public order and peace by 5 or more persons	3	8	-62.5
5.a.	Number of perpetrators	20	51	-60.8

Table 21. Overview of the minor offences in the field of public order and peace per PA in 2024

No.	Minor offences in the field of public order and peace per PA	2024										
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	Ministry HQ
1	Number of minor offences in the field of public order and peace	1,398	384	479	190	646	668	514	512	184	357	4

1.a	Perpetrators of minor	1,293	437	481	207	628	596	502	554	194	347	-
2.	Requests for initiating minor offence proceedings	214	74	72	43	51	91	96	55	22	65	-
2a	Perpetrators in the requests	310	117	87	65	65	121	133	62	27	90	-
	- minors	29	23	8	5	9	11	8	2	5	10	-
	- recidivists	184	120	58	12	60	141	116	97	60	61	-
3.	Number of minor offence warrants issued	983	320	394	142	563	475	369	492	167	257	-
3a	Perpetrators in minor offence warrants	983	320	394	142	563	475	369	492	167	257	-
4.	Number of disturbances of public order and peace by 2 to 4 persons	200	76	65	46	47	92	85	69	32	61	-
4.a	Number of perpetrators	398	187	150	101	95	206	186	151	70	135	-
5.	Number of disturbances of public order and peace by 5 or more persons	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
5.a.	Number of perpetrators	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-

Out of the total number of registered minor offences, 22.8% are minor offences of physical fight and physical assault (and there was less of these compared to 2023 by 1.9%).

Table 22. Comparative overview of the structure of minor offences in the field of public order and peace 2024/2023

No.	Structure of minor offences in the field of public order and peace	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Art. 7 (Fighting, shouting, screaming and indecent behaviour)	815	767	6.3
2.	Art. 8 (Insult)	1,039	889	16.9
3.	Art. 9 (Indecent exposure)	195	189	3.2
4.	Art. 10 (Illicit collection of donations )	27	49	-44.9
5.	Art. 11 (Threatening a person's safety by threatening to their life and body or property)	256	293	-12.6
6.	Art. 12 (Physical fight and physical assault)	1,217	1,240	-1.9
7.	Art. 13 (Gambling)	27	20	35.0
8.	Art. 14 (Illicit use of pyrotechnics)	23	23	-
9.	Art. 15 (Disturbing citizens with noise)	64	83	-22.9
10.	Art. 16 (Illicit use of weapons)	71	78	-9.0
11.	Art. 17 (Consumption of narcotic drugs)	245	128	91.4
12.	Art. 18 (Missing to report the disturbance of public order and peace in a catering facility)	96	115	-16.5
13.	Art. 19 (Prostitution)	0	0	-
14.	Art. 20 (Witchcraft)	8	6	33.3
15.	Art. 21 (Destroying public announcements and advertisements)	4	2	100.0
16.	Art. 22 (Limiting movement in certain area)	0	0	-
17.	Art. 23 (Impersonation)	6	12	-50.0
18.	Art. 24 (Obstruction of state authorities, companies and other legal persons in performing their public functions)	312	418	-25.4
19.	Art. 25 (Serving alcohol)	270	286	-5.6
20.	Art. 26 (Begging)	402	424	-5.2

21.	Art. 27 (Failure to fulfil the obligation of care for a minor)	61	57	7.0
22.	Art. 28 (Ticket resale)	0	15	-100
23.	Art. 29 (Endangering passers-by)	0	4	-100
24.	Art. 30 (Keeping animals without supervision)	225	334	-32.6
25.	Art. 31 (Double fine)	0	3	-100
	<b>Total number of minor offences:</b>	<b>5,336</b>	<b>5,415</b>	<b>-1.5</b>

Locations where public order and peace were most often disturbed were public squares and streets (45.7% cases) and catering facilities (17.6%).

Out of the total number of perpetrators (5,239), the largest number were those between 21 and 30 years old (25.3% out of the total number). There were also 110 minors who disturbed public order and peace, and 35 of them were younger minors<sup>27</sup>. From the aspect of gender, 83.8% of them are male.

**Attacks on police officers.** The total number of 56 attacks on police officers was recorded (increase of 30.2%). The reasons and causes of the attacks on police officers were the following: occasions of re-establishing the disturbed public order and peace (11), arrests (20), traffic regulation and control (5), identification (6), searches of an apartment and other facilities (2) and other reasons and occasions (13). On that occasion, 60 persons were arrested (assailants), which is 62.2% less.

In most cases, the locations of the attacks on police officers were public squares and streets (12.5% cases) and catering facilities (12.5% cases).

Reports were submitted to the district prosecutor's offices for the commission of the following: 33 criminal offences *Obstructing an Official Person in the Execution of Official Duties*, and 35 criminal offences *Attacking an Official Person in the Execution of Official Duties*. On these occasions, the total number of 66 police officers was injured (65 of them suffered light bodily injuries, whereas one of them was seriously injured).

## 2.2. Minor offences in the field of weapons and ammunition

In 2024, there were 175 minor offences related to weapons and ammunition (21.5% less compared to 2023). These minor offences were committed by 155 persons, and 60 requests for initiating the minor offence proceedings were submitted against them, and they were also served with 95 minor offence warrants.

Table 23. Overview of minor offences related to weapons and ammunition in 2024/2023

No.	Minor offences in the field of weapons and ammunition	2024	2023	+ -%
1.	Number of minor offences according to the Law on Weapons and Ammunition	175	223	-21.5
1.a.	Total number of perpetrators of criminal offences	155	200	-22.5
2.	Requests submitted for initiating minor offence proceedings	60	80	-25.0

<sup>27</sup> Between 14 and 16 years old.

2.a.	Perpetrators in the requests	60	84	-28.6
3.	Number of minor offence warrants issued	95	116	-18.1
3.a.	Perpetrators in minor offence warrants	95	116	-18.1

### 2.3. Minor offences in other fields

**Preventing violence at sports events.** In 2024, taking place of the total number of 5,802 sports events was reported to police administrations, and 51 of them were with increased risk. At sports events, 27 persons committed 29 minor offences, and 10 requests for initiating minor offence proceedings were submitted for these, whereas 14 minor offence warrants were issued.

**Minor offences during public assemblies.** The total number of 2,275 public assemblies was regularly reported to the competent police administrations, and decisions on prohibition were issued for six of them. At public assemblies held in 2024, 21 minor offences were recorded (in 2023, nine minor offences were recorded).

**Minor offences according to the Law on Agencies for Protecting Persons and Property and Private Detective Activities.** There were no records of minor offences defined by this Law.

**Other police activities.** While performing their regular tasks and activities, police officers detected 95 minor offences committed by 89 persons. The total number of 20 minor offence warrants was issued to the perpetrators and 12 requests were submitted for initiating the minor offence proceedings.

## 3. TRAFFIC SAFETY ON THE ROADS OF THE REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA

### 3.1. Traffic accidents and their consequences

In 2024, the total number of 10,806 traffic accidents occurred, which represents an increase of 1.8% compared to 2023. In traffic accidents, the total number of 94 persons died (15 persons less than the previous year); 617 persons were seriously injured (0.3% less), and 3,144 persons suffered light bodily injuries (increase of 7.7%). The number of traffic accidents with material damage only (8,175) increased by 0.2% compared to the previous year.

The most common mistakes that contributed to the occurrence of traffic accidents were the following: vehicle driving over the speed limit and not adjusting the speed to the road conditions (in 15.4% of traffic accidents); not keeping the necessary distance (14.2%); side of the road – not staying on the right side of the road – not moving on the right edge of the road (11.2%), and driving backwards (10.2%).

Table 24. Overview of the number and type of traffic accidents and their consequences 2024/2023

No.	Traffic accidents and their consequences	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Number of traffic accidents	10,806	10,620	1.8
1.a.	- in which persons died	90	95	-5.3
1.b.	- with people suffering serious injuries	538	525	2.5

1.c.	- with people suffering light bodily injuries	2,003	1,841	8.8
1.d.	- only with material damage	8,175	8,159	0.2
2.	Persons who suffered bodily harm	3,855	3,648	5.7
2.a.	- <b>people who died</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>-13.8</b>
2.b.	- people who suffered serious injuries	617	619	-0.3
2.c.	- people who suffered light bodily injuries	3,144	2,920	7.7

Table 25. Overview of the number and type of traffic accidents and their consequences per PA in 2024

No.	Traffic accidents and their consequences	2024									
		BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB
11.	Number of traffic accidents	5,114	609	921	250	899	1,046	517	641	428	381
1.a.	- in which persons died	19	8	11	3	13	12	7	5	4	8
1.b.	- with people suffering serious injuries	129	44	52	13	70	87	32	46	26	39
1.c.	- with people suffering light bodily injuries	605	139	265	50	286	247	127	160	50	74
1.d.	- only with material damage	4,361	418	593	184	530	700	351	430	348	260
2.	Persons who suffered bodily harm	1,100	257	440	101	530	491	255	351	122	208
2.a.	- <b>people who died</b>	19	9	11	4	14	13	7	5	4	8
2.b.	- people who suffered serious injuries	142	47	59	14	77	100	34	63	29	53
2.c.	- people who suffered light bodily injuries	939	201	370	83	440	378	214	283	89	147

From the aspect of the location of the incidents, the greatest number of traffic accidents occurred in the streets of boroughs (38.6%) and on highways (34.4%), whereas the lowest number occurred on the roads reserved for motor vehicles (46 traffic accidents).

According to the age structure, persons who were threatened by the traffic accidents the most in 2024 are the following:

- Persons who died in traffic accidents were persons between 41 and 50 years old, and between 61 and 70 years old (each age group participated with 17% in the total number of persons who died). There were also traffic accidents recorded in which 4 minors died<sup>28</sup>;
- the highest number of persons who suffered serious bodily injuries were those between 21 and 30 years old (15.8% out of the total number of 617 people who suffered serious bodily injuries), and
- in the group of people who suffered light bodily harm, the most numerous ones were those between 21 and 30 years old (21.6% out the total number of people in this group), followed by those between 31 and 40 years old (14.5%) and from 41 to 50 (13.4%).

When the types of traffic participants are considered, it was vehicle drivers who were endangered the most, so out of the total number of:

<sup>28</sup> There were two minors between 7 and 13 years old, and two minors between 14 and 17 years old.

- persons who died in traffic, 37.2% were drivers of motor vehicles (both passenger and freight vehicles), followed by the drivers of motorcycles and mopeds in 12.8% of the cases, drivers of tractors and motor cultivators, and 4.3% of cyclists and ATV drivers.
- persons who suffered serious injuries, there was 36.2% of the drivers of motor vehicles, 17.8% of drivers of motorcycles and mopeds, 6.1% of cyclists and ATV drivers, 1.6% of tractor drivers, 0.3% were drivers of personal light electric vehicle, and
- persons who suffered light bodily harm, there were 48.3% of drivers of motor vehicles, 6.1% of drivers of motorcycles and mopeds, 3.0% of cyclists and ATV drivers, and 0.7% tractor drivers and working machine drivers.

The total number of 19,959 vehicles participated in traffic accidents on the roads of the Republic of Srpska, and 78.7% of those vehicles were registered in the Republic of Srpska, 4.9% of them were registered in the Federation of BiH, 1.1% in Brčko District, 11.2% were vehicles from other countries and 4.2% were vehicles whose origin was unknown.

### 3.2. The measures and activities the police undertook in traffic

In 2024, the total number of 357 reports was submitted to the competent prosecutor's offices (increase of 19.8%) against 361 persons (increase of 19.9%) based on suspicion that they committed the total number of 372 criminal offences in traffic (increase of 19.2%).

Table 26. Comparative overview of the undertaken measures and activities in traffic 2024/2023

No.	Undertaken measures and activities	2024	2023	+ - %
1.	Number of criminal offences	372	312	19.2
1.a.	Reports on criminal offences	357	298	19.8
1.b.	Reported persons	361	301	19.9
2.	Initiated minor offence proceedings	342,054	334,515	2.3
2.1.	Total number of minor offences	373,079	363,810	2.5
2.2.	Total number of perpetrators of minor offences	343,684	336,249	2.2
2.a.	Number of requests for the initiation of minor offence proceedings	3,234	3,515	-8.0
-	Persons reported per request	4,862	5,249	-7.4
2.b.	Minor offence warrants	338,822	331,000	2.4
-	Persons per warrants	338,822	331,000	2.4
3.	Number of excluded vehicles	4,307	3,930	9.6
4.	Number of excluded drivers	20,784	22,351	-7.0

Table 27. Overview of the undertaken measures and activities in traffic per PA in 2024

No.	Undertaken measures and activities	BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	Ministry HQ
1.	Number of criminal offences	97	22	40	6	33	66	32	39	13	24	-
1.a.	Reports on criminal offences	92	22	37	6	31	64	32	36	13	24	-
1.b.	Reported persons	92	22	39	6	31	64	33	36	13	25	-
2.	Initiated minor offence proceedings	46,415	6,948	18,101	6,498	42,317	22,467	17,218	32,041	9,207	14,446	126,396

2.1.	Total number of minor offences	55,230	7,741	19,618	7,270	46,197	24,586	18,203	39,832	9,533	15,40 <sub>3</sub>	129,466
2.2.	Total number of perpetrators of minor offences	46,741	7,069	18,136	6,745	42,420	22,771	17,261	32,225	9,248	14,45 <sub>9</sub>	126,609
2.a.	Number of requests for the initiation of minor offence proceedings	770	265	193	202	269	356	159	450	86	160	324
-	Persons reported per request	1.096	386	228	449	372	660	202	632	127	173	537
2.6.	Minor offence warrants	45,645	6,683	17,908	6,296	42,048	22,111	17,059	31,593	9,121	14,28 <sub>6</sub>	126,072
-	Persons per warrants	45,645	6,683	17,908	6,296	42,048	22,111	17,059	31,593	9,121	14,28 <sub>6</sub>	126,072
3.	Number of excluded vehicles	703	301	546	524	710	373	329	370	239	212	-
4.	Number of excluded drivers	5,139	1,159	2,459	1,210	3,861	1,727	1,239	2,382	454	1,154	-

The total number of 373,079 minor offences was recorded in traffic, and for these, the total number of 3,234 requests for initiating the minor offence proceedings was submitted, and 338,822 minor offence warrants were issued. From both aspects in this period, the total number 343,684 perpetrators was included and sanctioned, which is an increase of 2.2% compared to 2023.

In 2024, **4,307 vehicles were excluded from traffic** (34.7% of vehicles due to technical malfunction, 26.5% due to registration expiration period longer than 30 days, 3.6% for refusing to take an extraordinary technical vehicle inspection, 4.4% for improperly loaded/secured freight, and 30.7% vehicles were excluded from traffic for other reasons), which represents an increase of 9.6% compared to 2023. An extraordinary technical vehicle inspection was ordered for 2,119 vehicles, and in 171 cases drivers refused to take their vehicle to an extraordinary technical vehicle inspection. Out of the total number of vehicles that went through an extraordinary technical inspection, in 1,587 vehicles or 81.5%, technical malfunction was detected, whereas 361 vehicles had no technical faults.

Additionally, the total number of **20,784 drivers were excluded from traffic** (83.2% of the drivers were driving under the influence of alcohol, 1.2% of drivers were excluded for refusing to be tested for the presence of alcohol in body, 7.1% of drivers for driving before having the right to drive a vehicle, 1.4% of drivers for driving under the influence of opiates, 3.7% for refusing to be tested for the presence of narcotics, 2.5% for driving a vehicle in the period when they were prohibited to drive, 0.7% of drivers for driving a vehicle that belongs to a category that is not in their driver's licence, and 0.3% for other reasons). The number of excluded drivers is 7% lower than in 2023.

#### 4. MIGRANTS

In 2024, the police officers of the Republic of Srpska Ministry of the Interior detected and recorded the total number of **1,709 persons – migrants** on the territory of the Republic of Srpska (increase of 58.5% compared to 2023, when the total number of 1,078 migrants were detected), who had crossed the border of BIH illegally.

In most cases, the origin of the migrants was recorded based on their statements. Out of the total number of migrants, 76.6% of them possessed no documents.

The most numerous migrants are those who came from Syria (47.5% of the total number of migrants).

When the locations where the migrants were detected are observed, i.e. the areas covered by a certain police administration, the greatest number of migrants, or 42% were detected on the territory of Gradiška PA.

Table 27. The overview of the detected migrants per PA in 2024

	PA										Σ
	BL	GR	PD	MG	DO	BN	ZV	IS	FO	TB	
Number of migrants detected	52	717	224	19	283	156	32	50	132	44	1,709
%	3.0	42.0	13.1	1.1	16.6	9.1	1.9	2.9	7.7	2.6	100

Considering the gender of the migrants, about 94% are male. Out of the total number of migrants, 1.8% are children up to seven years old, and 6.6% are children between 7 and 18 years old.

The Republic of Srpska Ministry of the Interior submitted 33 reports to the Prosecutor's Office of BiH on the commission of 33 criminal offences *People Smuggling* (Article 189 of BiH CC) against 41 persons for smuggling 263 migrants. In addition, there was also one commission of the criminal offence *Organising a Group or Association for the Purpose of Committing the Criminal Offence People Smuggling*, and for this, one report was submitted against three persons for smuggling three migrants. One criminal offence *Organised Crime* related to the criminal offence *People Smuggling* – migrants was recorded and one report was submitted to the Prosecutor's Office of BiH against eight persons for smuggling migrants.

Two reports were submitted to the District Prosecutor's Office Banja Luka against two persons – migrants: one against the migrant who committed the attempt of criminal offence *Murder*; and the other against the migrant who committed the attempt of criminal offence *Robbery*. The victims of both criminal offences were migrants.

Two migrants were served with two minor offence warrants for the commission of minor offences from the Law on the Production and Trade of Narcotic Drugs.